SUMMER REVIEW FOR STUDENTS ENTERING PRECALCULUS

The assignment below is a review of the Algebra 2 concepts learned this year and is due on the first day of school. Show ALL work on neatly on a separate sheet of paper.

PART I: Points and Lines

1) Write the equation for the vertical and horizontal lines through the point (1,3).

In exercises #2-5, write the equation for the given line in slope-intercept form:

2) The line through the point P(2, 3) with m = 2

3) The line through the point P(2, 3) with slope 0

4) The line through the point P(1,0) and no slope

5) The line through the points (-2, -2) and (1, 3)

6) Find the slope-intercept form of the equation of a line through P(6,2) and parallel to the line 2x - y = -2

7) Find the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line through P(6,2) and perpendicular to the line 2x - y = -2

PART II: Functions and Graphing

For numbers 8 – 17, sketch the graphs from memory. Plot at least 5 points. Then state the **DOMAIN** and **RANGE**:

- 8) $y = (x+1)^2 3$
- 9) $y = x^3$
- 10) $v = \sqrt{x}$

11) $y = e^x$

12) $y = \ln x$

13) $y = \frac{1}{x}$

14)
$$y = \frac{1}{x-2}$$

15) $y = |x+1|$

PART III: Factoring, Simplifying and Solving Equations:

In numbers 16-18, solve the following system of equations. You may use any method as long as you show work.

$$16) \begin{cases} 8x + y = 11\\ x - y = 97 \end{cases}$$

17)
$$\begin{cases} 2x + y = 6\\ 4x + 2y = 8 \end{cases}$$

18) Solve the following equation for x: 2xy = 3y

For numbers 19-23, factor completely:

- 19) $x^2 36$
- 20) $x^2 2x + 8$
- 21) $x^3 + 8x^2 20x$
- 22) $3y^3 18y^2 48y$
- 23) 5(3x 7) + x(3x 7)

For numbers 24-32, solve the equations 24) 3 - 2m = 3m + 1

- 25) $\frac{1}{3}x = 2 \frac{2}{3}x$
- 26) $x^{3} 2x^{2} 4x + 8 = 0$ 27) $2x^{2} + 5x 3 = 0$

- 28) Solve by completing the square: $x^2 - 14x = 15$
- 29) $\sqrt{2x+1} = \sqrt{x+6}$
- 30) $\frac{x+1}{3x-6} = \frac{5x}{6}$
- 31) $2x^2 = x$
- 32) $\sqrt{x-5} = 2\sqrt{x}$

In numbers 33-38, simplify the expressions: 33) $\frac{2x^2 + 3x - 2}{x^2 + 2x - 35} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 49}{2x^2 + 5x + 2}$ 6*x*

34)
$$\frac{\overline{x^2 - 4}}{3x - 9}$$

 $\frac{3x - 9}{2x + 4}$

- 35) $\frac{3-\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}}$
- 36) $\log_3 27$
- 37) $e^{\ln 2}$

38) $\left(\frac{1}{625}\right)^{\frac{-3}{4}}$